

APPEAL TO PEOPLE

Ipoh:—Addressing an assembly of Seicho and Kaisha staffs at the Town Hall yesterday, H's Excellency the Governor Naokata Kawamura stated that there was cessation of hostilities and appealed to one and all for co-operation for maintenance of peace.

The Governor said that the object of his speech was to allay the anxiety of the people in regard to their future. He had not obtained definite instructions from higher authorities, but what he could tell was that the enemy forces were not attacking them and they (Nip-

pon-zin) were not fighting the enemy, hence there was no necessity for the Nippon-zin or the local people to run away.

The Governor and other officers, he said, will be carried on as usual and the Governor will carry on as in the past, with his functions mainly devoted to the maintenance of peace and the safety of the local people and their property. To maintain peace, a few Nippon-zin could not do it alone and the co-operation of the local inhabitants was necessary.

The Governor went on to say that the greatest enemies of peace are the armed bandits and the Administration would endeavour its best to maintain the present peaceful conditions. Police will be instructed to maintain peace in all towns in the province, with the assistance of the members of the Keibodan and Jikeidan.

The Governor stated that the rations of rice and cigarettes would be continued as in the past and requested all to carry on their tasks with confidence in their future welfare.

"We are not afraid of death," added the Governor, "and we consider it is our holy duty to protect the local inhabitants, their lives and property."

Indian Cadets In Tokyo Safe

Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose, Supreme Commander of the Azad Hind Fauj and Head of the Provisional Government of Azad Hind, has received the following telegraphic message from Tokyo:

"All Indian Cadets in the Military Academy School are pleasantly enjoying their school course especially in good physical condition. Hereafter any absence of information in this connection, please treat it no other particular changes among them."—Azad Hind.

Rich Harvest Of Foodcrops

Picture shows two young enthusiasts of the grow-more-food campaign in Malai with the fruits of their labour in the midst of their farm.



Perak Lottery: Lucky Numbers

Ipoh:—Speaking at the first draw of the Perak State Lottery held yesterday in the Town Hall, Mr. Loh Kh Kee, vice-president of the Oversea Chinese Association, thanked the public for the support given for the charitable cause, as the proceeds of the lottery would be donated for the relief of various welfare organisations.

The draw was preceded by a tea-party. The lucky numbers were drawn by girls of different communities, in the presence of a big gathering.

Five Killed In Warship Fatality

Lisbon, Aug. 17 (Domei).—The Dutch Radio today reported that five Dutchmen were killed and about 100 seriously injured when a rocket fell on a British warship anchored off Rotterdam during a fireworks display.

The rocket hit the ammunition box on the vessel, causing a great explosion. "There were also casualties, some fatal, on the British warship, but the number has not yet been disclosed."

Meantime, an Oslo dispatch says that a large number of persons are believed to have been killed and injured when an ammunition dump in the dock area blew up today.

ing, the results being as follows:—

1st. prize 118679 Value \$131,873; 2nd. prize 187027, value \$37,678; 3rd. 121445, value \$18,839.

Consolation prizes: (\$1507.12) 135707, 175725, 111849, 176652, 105895, 131790, 189841, 131304, 196146, 165513, 135995, 141535, 189354, 104193, 161847, 124681, 169376, 187430, 191236, 193428, 118859, 197460, 197784, 113687, 189326.

Holders of lucky tickets are requested to call at the Perak Oversea Chinese Association (People's Park), Ipoh, and claim their prizes.

COMING MARRIAGE

Ipoh:—The marriage of Mr. A. N. S. Pillay, Postal Dept., Ipoh, (son of late Mr. A. K. Ariakutty and Mrs. A. K. Ariakutty of Urumpalay) to Sowpaklavathy Maheswary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Manickam, Hospital, Klang, will take place tomorrow

Perak Shimbun

IPOH, TUESDAY, AUGUST 21, 2605. (20TH YEAR OF SYOWA)

IMPERIAL RESCRIPT EXPLAINS EXTRAORDINARY MEASURE TAKEN

TOKYO, AUG. 15 (DOMEI).—FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF THE IMPERIAL RESCRIPT ISSUED ON AUG.

15, 2605:
"To Our good and loyal subjects:

"After pondering deeply the general trends of the world and the actual conditions obtaining in Our Empire today, We have decided to effect a settlement of the present situation by resorting to an extraordinary measure. We have ordered Our Government to communicate to the governments of the United States, Great Britain, China and the Soviet Union that Our Empire accepts the provisions of their joint declaration.

"To strive for the common prosperity and happiness of all nations as well as the security and well-being of Our subjects is the sole obligation which has been handed down by Our Imperial Ancestors

and which We lay close to heart. Indeed, We declared war on America and Britain out of Our sincere desire to ensure Nippon's self-preservation and the stabilisation of East Asia, it being far from Our thought to infringe upon the sovereignty of other nations or to embark upon territorial aggrandisement. But now the war has lasted for nearly four years. Despite the best that has been done by everyone—the gallant fighting of the military and naval forces, the diligence and assiduity of Our servants of the State and the devoted service of Our 100 million people, the war situation has developed not necessarily to Nippon's advantage, while the general trends of the world have all turned against her interest.

"Moreover, the enemy has begun to employ a new and most cruel bomb, the power of which to do damage is indeed incalculable, taking the toll of many innocent lives. Should We continue to fight, it would not only result in the ultimate collapse and obliteration of the Nippon nation, but also it would lead to the total extinction of human civilisation. Such being the case, how are We to save the millions of Our subjects; or to atone Our-selves before the hallowed spirits of Our Imperial Ancestors. This is the reason

why We have ordered the acceptance of the provisions of the joint declaration of the powers.

"We cannot but express the deepest sense of regret to allied nations of East Asia who have consistently co-operated with the Empire towards the emancipation of East Asia. The thought of those officers and men as well as others who have fallen in the fields of battle, those who died at their posts of duty or those who met with untimely death, and all their bereaved families, pains Our heart night and day. The welfare of the wounded and the war sufferers, and of those who have lost their homes and livelihood, are the objects of Our profound solicitude. The hardships and sufferings to which Our nation is to be subjected hereafter will certainly be great. We are keenly aware of the inmost feelings of all ye, Our subjects. However, it is according to the dictates of time and fate that We have resolved to pave the way for a grand peace for all the generations to come by enduring and suffering what is insufferable.

"AS ONE FAMILY"
"Having been able to safeguard and maintain the structure of the Imperial State, We are always with ye, Our good and loyal subjects, relying upon your sincerity and integrity. Beware most strictly of any outbursts of emotion which may engender needless complications, of fratricidal contention & strife which may create confusion, lead ye astray and cause ye to lose the confidence of the world. Let the entire nation continue as one family from generation to generation, ever firm in its faith of the imperishableness of its divine land, and mindful of its heavy burden of responsibilities, and the long road before it. Unite your total strength to be devoted to the construction for the future. Cultivate the ways of rectitude; foster nobility of spirit; and work with resolution so as ye may enhance the innate glory of the Imperial State and to keep pace with the progress of the world."

Imperial Sign Manual (Imperial Seal)

The 14th. day of the 4th. month of the 20th. Year of Showa.

Counter-signed by members of the Cabinet.

ATTLEE'S ADMISSION

Lisbon, Aug. 17 (Domei). Premier Clement Attlee admitted in the House of Commons today that unless the atomic bomb was brought under control it was vain to plan for the future. Attlee's statement was made in response to widespread protests arising from the use of the bomb against Nippon.

India's Difficulties In Post-war Period

Lisbon, Aug. 17 (Domei).

—A warning that inflation and unemployment are facing India unless public and private investments are encouraged in agriculture, industry and transport services is given by Dr. P. S. Lokanathan, prominent Indian economist in an interview in London—according to a dispatch received here.

Dr. Lokanathan is the secretary to the party of seven Indian industrialists who have conducted an extensive tour of Britain and the U.S. in connection with India's postwar development.

Declaring that India's top-heavy war economy will be seriously threatened through the sudden end of the war, the Indian economist said:

"Unless this cessation of public expenditure is compensated for by large increases in public and private investments in agriculture, industry, transport and other services, employment in India will fall and prices will rise."

Medical Aid Given

The Selangor Tokubetsu Senden Kosaku Tai (Special Field Propaganda Corps) has launched a comprehensive programme of lectures, picture shows and concerts in Selangor during their tour of villages and kampongs in the State.

Accompanied by Sendenhan Tyo Imano the Special Field Propaganda Corps visited Rasa on Aug. 10. A number of sick people approached the Sendenhan Tyo for medicine and assistance. An assurance was given to them that they would receive help after consultation with the Elsel Ka (Health Department).

Members of the medical unit of the Elsel Ka and the Propaganda Corps visited Rasa on Aug. 16 when about 200 sick people of different nationalities received medicine, including quinine and iodine, at the office of the Shoan Kai.

OLD CLOTHES

Penang:—Nearly 100 pieces of old clothing, consisting mostly of sarongs for distribution to the Malai women padi planters, during the transplanting season some time this month, have been collected by the Malai Kwei Kwei.

GOVT. NOTICES

NOTICE

Syu Rei No. 9.

The following Amendments to Section 4 of the Money-lenders' Ordinance issued on December 2602 as Tomei Seirei No. 19, is published for the information of the public.

Governor of Perak,
MALAI SEIREI NO. 22

1. The rate prescribed in Section 4 of the Ordinance is amended to read as follows:—

Former rate	Revised rate
\$500	\$2,000
\$250	\$1,000

2. This Order shall come into force as from the 1st day of August 2605.

Dated this 26th. day of July, 2605.

Malai Kakkengun Shireikan.

Verification of Weights, Measures and Instruments for Weighing under the Weights and Measures Enactment Enact. Cap. 67.

Kokuji No. 129-It is hereby notified for general information that the Inspector of Weights and Measures, Perak will attend to the checking and restamping of Weights, Measures and Instruments for weighing used for trade purposes in the Districts of Kuala Kangsar and Larut.

All traders and owners are requested to submit their weights, measures and instruments for weighing for all Kuala Kangsar Districts at Kuala Kangsar Market from 20th to 22nd August and for all Larut Districts at Taiping Market from 23rd to 25th August, 2605.

Those who have already produced their weights, measures and instruments for weighing for the current year are requested to produce their weights and measures for stamping and pay the arrears of fee as required by the "Increase of Taxation Order 2605" as already published in the Government Gazette early this month.

PERAK KOTO HOIN
APPOINTMENT

(Under the Courts Enactment Cap. 2 and the local Judicial Officers Ordinance 2603).

Kokuji No. 128-It is hereby notified for general information that Mr. Pawan Ahmad bin Ibrahim Rashid has been appointed an Assistant Registrar of the Perak Koto Hoin with effect from 1st. August, 2605.

Dated at Ipoh this 8th day of August, 2605.

Chief of the Department of Justice, Perak.

(D.J. Pk. 58/02)
P.S.G. 1/05II

NOTICE

In appreciation of the close co-operation put up by the Chinese miners in Perak in producing tin ore in large quantities for the months of May to July, the Nippon Imperial Military Administration has been pleased to award monetary gifts to the following mine's in the form of free distribution of cloth to their labourers:—

Name of Producer	Name of Mine	Locality of Mine
Kok Sze Hean	Toong Lee	Tanjong Rambutan
Wong Shou Weng	See Hin	Pulau
Pook Hean Chow (1)	Ngean Lee	S. Serani
Yap Khee Yan	Nam Fah	Kledang
Yin Mee Co. Ltd.	—	Selabin
Lee Kwee Foh	Sin Kwong Foh	-do-
Liew Chong Hee	Poh On	Ayer Prah
Chin Sam Kai	Thoong Foh	Sungel Sipat
Low Say Hooi	Ban Lee	Lahat
Choong Sam	Swee Ngan	S. Chemor

SANG YOBU KOZANKA-CHO,
PERAK, IPOH.

Over \$3,170,000 In
Deposits In July

The Malai Postal Savings (since the inauguration of the Dai Nippon Government Post Office Savings Bank) continuing its remarkable progress, created a novel record of a net increase of \$3,174,806 in July, 2605, which is the highest mark of deposits ever attained in a single month.

Deposits and withdrawals made during July, 2605, are \$6,298,917 and \$3,124,111 respectively, and at the end of July the total amount of deposits amounted to \$33,359,976. It is expected that the \$50,000,000 mark will be passed soon.

The number of depositors has also increased by 16,864, the figure being 523,814 at the end of July 2605, showing remarkable progress.

INCREASED FIGURES

The increase recorded in the various States during July, 2605, are as follows:—

Syonan 6,121 depositors, \$1,189,314 deposits; Perak 2,975, \$567,574; Selangor 5,235, \$400,156; Penang 1,360, \$397,323; Malacca 1,346, \$171,931; Pahang 441, \$121,063; Negri Sembilan 963, \$117,867; Johore 2,885, \$109,373; Others 4,462 \$100,205.—Total 16,864, \$3,174,806.

The total amount of deposits and the total number of depositors in the various States up to the end of July, 2605, are as follows:—

Syonan 105,499 depositors, \$7,735,601 deposits; Selangor 35,087, \$6,418,056; Perak 87,475, \$6,101,216; Johore 82,920, \$4,124,422; Penang 84,308, \$3,736,487; Negri Sembilan 39,015, \$1,928,083; Malacca 60,038, \$1,766,576; Pahang 24,627, \$835,699; Others 4,845, \$695,835.—Total 523,814, \$33,359,976.

New Booklet By
Prof. Maniam

Ipoh:—A new explanatory booklet entitled "Maniamism" has just been published by Prof. K. S. Maniam of Ipoh, who has written several theses on the science of palmistry. The primary item in the book is a life chart simplified for weekly, monthly or yearly casting based on an anthroposophical analysis of the human palm.

Brief features of the various types of palms and some interesting observations on other aspects of palmistry complete the booklet.

Appeal To Traders
And The Rich

Mr. Choo Kia-peng, President of the Selangor Oversea Chinese Association, writes:

"It has been brought to the notice of this association that the prices of foodstuffs and other daily necessities have recently soared to an alarming extent and that within the last two or three days the prices have almost doubled, thereby causing considerable hardship to the poorer classes.

"We now appeal to the merchants and shopkeepers that, in order to uphold commercial morality, they must not take this opportunity to raise the price of foodstuffs and daily necessities or adopt profiteering methods.

"We also earnestly appeal to the more wealthy members of the community that in the interest of the general public they must not buy up large quantities of foodstuffs and daily necessities at high prices and leave the poorer classes nothing to purchase. Such action will directly have an adverse effect on living conditions and will indirectly affect the peace of this country."

(Contd. from next column)

out to settlers, a hospital on the site caters for the sick, and production of tapioca and sweet potatoes has already reached a point where it exceeds the needs of the colony itself. "There is no better place to evacuate than Fuji-Go for all Eurasians and other Catholics," says my informant.

World Opinion On The Use Of
America's New Atomic Bomb

A topic which is now engaging the attention of the whole world is the atomic bomb which the Anglo-Americans brought into use in the Greater East Asia War against Nippon. Eyewitness accounts have revealed details of the deadliness and destructiveness of this new weapon.

All right-thinking people in the world have been outspoken in their condemnation of the use of the atomic bomb, holding that such action is tantamount to resorting to poison gas, which is expressly prohibited in international law. In fact, they even went further: they considered that its effects are even more devastating than poison gas.

SEARING WOUND

It is proper at this stage to give a resume of the opinions which have been expressed in this connection.

Gazette Lausanne (Swiss paper): The Swiss Government should prevail on the U.S. against continuance of such inhuman attacks against civilians—Switzerland, as the founder of the International Red Cross, has the duty to give full consideration to the present problem. Archbishop of Canterbury: Nobody could deny that human conscience has received a searing wound by the fact that half a million people

Notes & Comments

Reference to A.V.M. "vitamin" preparations for the hair has prompted a reader to draw attention to the discovery by enterprising local chemists after much careful research of a formula for the preparation locally of Vitamin-B injections which are said to have already proved highly efficacious as a sure cure for beri-beri, and similar complaints due to lack of vitamin, calcium and other elements in the human system, caused by the stress and strain of the times and wartime restrictions on diet writes "Sakura" in the Syonan Shimbun under the heading "Notes and Comments."

This is great news and trust the price is within the means of the poor man. Quite a number of useful discoveries like this have been made, as a result of their genuity and enterprise of local people being fully encouraged by the authorities but immediately a producer creates a good demand, its price immediately soars. Manufacturers are entitled to profits, but they should endeavour to see that they and only they, get something reasonable out of it. If they could sell direct to patients, and refuse to deal with heartless middlemen their labours will be thrice blessed.

News comes from Bahar that comfortable accommodation is now available in Fuji-Go for evacuees who wish to settle there. The advantages of this Government-controlled farm settlement are that rice and other rations continue to be served.

(Contd. in previous column)

Prescription For
Beri-Beri

Following is a prescription for Beri-beri:—

Cook rice with groundnuts and red olives ("Ang Chor" in Chinese). Take them as they are, with boiled water. Live on this diet for two to three weeks. The patient should never take anything else—not even sauce, salt, oil, etc. This is very important.

This preparation is no doubt difficult to swallow but it is a very effective cure. The patient may take vegetables cooked without oil, salt, sauce, sugar, etc., if he wants.

Remember: no foodstuffs other than those above-mentioned should be taken. Can patients bear this sort of diet? 'Present bitter, future sweet' is the literal translation of a Chinese saying that you probably know. So one should try to endure and accustom oneself to the prescribed diet, if one wishes to cure Beri-beri cheaply and effectively.—Syonan Shimbun fortnightly.

CHINESE PLAY-ACTORS

Whenever a famed or notorious Chinese historical or legendary figure springs to life on the stage, it is due to the genius of a dual artiste—either a man or a woman, sometimes a mere boy or girl—who not only acts the part of a villain or a hero but makes himself up to represent that character.

And admittedly, the facial make-up of a Chinese stage character, excepting perhaps the much-beloved heroine, is far from a simple matter.

In Chinese historical plays in particular, the villains have their faces made-up to represent precisely what they are, while the hero wears paints of practically all hues, naturally not to make him hideous and repulsive to the lady fair he is wooing but rather to give him the appearance of manliness and dignity.

And when you remember that a Chinese theatrical performer often plays in more than one role, you will concede that he is no make-up artiste of mean calibre... He does not only perform so many different roles and each character but he also paints himself for each separate role!

The secret of the Chinese artiste's success lies in his life-long acquaintance with the stage. He learns the various parts from young, and by the time he is old, he is good enough to play in the principal roles.—Syonan Shimbun fortnightly.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Mr. and Mrs. Fong Fung Loon and family beg to tender their heartfelt thanks to all friends and relatives who sent wreaths, gave monetary gifts, attended and rendered assistance at the funeral of their beloved son, Master Joseph Fong Soo, Cheong on Monday, Aug. 20.



Today last 2 shows

at 3 & 9 p.m.

A Romantic Nippon Picture
KAZE NO MATA SABURO

IPOH BUNKA EIGA GEKIJO
Today at 8.30 p.m.
NAYA SANSAR
(Hindustani)